

Dept.ofGeology

Geology is a specific subject of Science with a Multidisciplinary approach. Student doing graduation with B.Sc. in Geology should be able to:-

- Understand the basic geological concept, principles and theories of stratigraphy.
- Learn, design and perform experiments in the labs to demonstrate the concepts, principles and theories learned in the classroom.
- Expose the student to the vast scope of Geosciences in the field of disaster management, watershed management, water pollution, oil exploration, mining etc.
- Emphasize the importance of geology as the most important discipline for sustaining the existing industries and establishing new ones to create job opportunities at all levels of employment.

The UG Course program of Geology comprises of 3 year integrated degree course consisting of 10 papers encompassing various branches of Geology to achieve aim of study.

B.Sc1- DSC-1- Physical Geology and Geomorphology

Program Specific outcomes (PSOs)

PSO-1 The study of this paper strengthens students' knowledge with respect to understanding the essential of the dynamics of earth.

PSO-2 The students will understand the origin and age of our Solar system and planets including earth.

PSO-3 The students will be able to learn the dynamic nature of the Earth processes. They will learn about the geodynamics of the lithosphere, concept of tectonics, ocean floor spreading, continental drift, plate tectonics, volcanism, earthquakes etc.

PSO-4 The course presents concepts of geomorphology in relation with geological processes and evolution of landforms.

PSO-5 The course presents an understanding of the endogenic and exogenic processes in action on the earth surface and creation of various landforms by various geological agents like river, glaciers, sea and oceans, wind etc.

Course Outcomes

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| CO1 | Describe various hypothesis of origin of earth and solar system. |
| CO2 | Describe internal structure and composition of the earth. |
| CO3 | Describe volcanic activity, types of volcanoes, volcanic products. |
| CO4 | Explain the relation of diastrophic movements with plate tectonics. |
| CO5 | What are the various geological processes involving in creation of various landforms due to different geological agents. |

B.Sc.-I–DSC-2: Structural Geology and Mineralogy

Program Specific Outcomes

PSO 1 The course is designed to understand the basics of Mineralogy and structural geology which help to gain overall knowledge in Geology.

PSO

2 The course deals with the study of minerals, their physical, chemical and optical characteristics.

PSO

3 The students will be able to identify common rock-forming minerals in hand specimen and in thin section.

PSO4

The students will gain knowledge about various mineral groups.

PSO 5 The course designed for the students to understand geological structures developed in rocks by the action of force on them.

PSO

6 The students will be able to understand the geometry and mechanics of the various structures that result through rock deformation.

PSO 7 To determine possible causes of formation of structures and forces responsible for it.

PSO 8 This course also helps to know the relation of structure with tectonics.

Course Outcomes:

CO1

Define mineral and describe physical properties and optical properties of given mineral.

CO2

Describe physical and optical properties of given mineral group.

CO3

Explain polymorphism, pseudo morphism, isomorphism and solid solution.

CO4

Describe rock deformation using stress-strain analysis.

CO5

Describe various types of folds. Give classification.

CO6

Recognize folds in the field and in the geological maps

CO7

Describe faults, classify on the basis of Geometry and Genesis.

CO8

Recognize faults in the field and in the geological map

CO9

Outcrop pattern, effect of structures in outcrop of strata

CO10

Describe morphometry of joints. Give geometric and genetic classification.

CO11

What is unconformity? Types and recognition of unconformity.

CO12

Give an account of foliation and lineation

B.Sc. - II – DSC-3 : Petrology Program

Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO 1 The course of this paper designed to understand the processes involved in the formation of rocks i.e., building blocks of earth.

PSO 2 The students will be able to understand the formation of igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary rocks. They acquire about various

processes responsible for the formation of different types of rocks.

PSO

3 The students will understand the forms, structure, texture of igneous rocks and interpret their crystallization history.

PSO

4 The course presents an understanding of effects of high temperature and pressure on rocks transforming affected rocks into metamorphic rocks.

PSO

5 The students will know the processes of sedimentation, lithification, diagenesis which convert loose sediments into consolidated sedimentary rocks.

Course outcomes

- CO1 Classify rocks on the basis of origin.
- CO2 Describe forms of igneous rocks and give the classification.
- CO3 Describe crystallization of Magma, and explain how unicomponent, bicomponent and multi component magma gives rise to different types of rocks.
- CO4 Explain how texture and structure help to determine origin of rock types.
- CO5 Describe metamorphic facies, grade, agents and type of metamorphism.
- CO6 Explain thermal metamorphism.
- CO7 Explain the sedimentation processes.
- CO8 Describe sedimentary structure, texture and sedimentary processes.

BSC II- DSC-4-Stratigraphy and Paleontology

Course Outcomes and program outcomes :

To understand:

- Fundamentals of litho-, bio- and chrono-stratigraphy
- Introduction to concepts of dynamic stratigraphy
- Code of stratigraphic nomenclature
- Sequence stratigraphy and their subdivisions with Indian examples
- Physiographic and tectonic subdivisions of India
- Phanerozoic Stratigraphy of India
- Precambrian-Cambrian boundary, Permian-Triassic boundary, and Cretaceous-Tertiary boundary in India
- Fossilization and fossil record
- Species concept with special reference to paleontology
- Important invertebrate groups (Bivalvia, Gastropoda, Brachiopoda) and their biostratigraphic significance
- Functional adaptation in trilobites and ammonoids
- Origin and major steps in vertebrate evolution
- Origin, diversity and extinction of dinosaurs
- Horse and Human evolution

**B.Sc. III :DSE 1 & 2: Applied and Economic Geology,
Environmental Geology and Geohydrology**

Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- PSO1 Course topics include the conventional and non-conventional energy resources.
- PSO2 This course introduces the student to various processes of mineral deposit formations.
- PSO3 The Course deals with occurrence, origin, economic importance, distribution of selected ore minerals.
- PSO4 The students will know origin and occurrence, distribution of coal, petroleum in India.

Course Outcomes (COs)

- CO1 Give an account of non-conventional energy resources.
- CO2 Describe magmatic concentration processes and resultant deposits.
- CO3 Describe Hydrothermal processes and resultant deposits.
- CO4 Give an account of mechanical and residual concentration processes and resultant deposits.
- CO5 Describe Oxidation and supergene sulphide enrichment processes, resultant deposits.
- CO6 Give an account of sedimentary and metamorphic processes of ore formation.
- CO7 Describe the Occurrence of fossil fuels in India.
- CO8 Give mode of occurrence, origin, compositions, distribution and economic importance of ore minerals given in the syllabus.
- CO9 To understand and analyze the following geohydrology related concepts

- Scope of hydrogeology and its societal relevance
- Hydrologic cycle
- Rock properties affecting groundwater
- Groundwater flow
- Well hydraulics and Groundwater exploration
- Physical and chemical properties of water
- Groundwater management
- Rainwater harvesting and artificial recharge of groundwater

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

- PSO 1 On completion of course, the student will have gained an understanding of occurrence and movement of groundwater.

PSO 2 Know the basic concept and various techniques of mineral exploration, drilling, sampling.

PSO 3 Students will be able to know the national and state mineral policies and concession rules.

PSO 4 The course helps students to learn about environmental consideration in the site selection of construction of dam and tunnel.

PSO 5 The students will be able to know the basic earth science as applied to the interaction between human activity and natural environment.

BSC – SECC – 1,2,3&4 : Photo Geology and Remote Sensing, Geochemistry, Fuel geology, Himalayan Geology.

Course Outcomes (COs)

To understand :

Geochemistry

- Concepts of geochemistry
- Ability to understand geochemistry of Earth as a planet
- Ability to understand Layered structure of Earth
- Idea about Geochemical classification of elements

Fuel geology

- Basic understanding on the origin, classification of the coal and Coal Petrology
- To highlight global and Indian scenario of Coal Bed Methane
- First order knowledge on Underground coal gasification and Coal liquefaction
- Basic understanding on the origin of petroleum; chemical composition and physical properties of crudes in nature.
- Introductory idea about petroleum Reservoirs and Traps

Photo Geology and Remote Sensing

- Fundamental concepts of photogeology (interpretation of aerial photographs)
- Basic principles to identify the earth surface features from satellite images and digital image processing
- Analyze the basic components of GIS; introduction to GP

Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

PSO 1 This course intends to introduce the fundamental principles and techniques of remote sensing and photogeology and application of these techniques.

PSO 2 Ability to understand Layered structure of Earth

PSO 3: Basic understanding on the origin of petroleum; chemical composition and physical properties of crudes in nature.

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs) THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE

For three-year degree programme in Higher Education,

PO1-Critical thinking – Syllabus for different subject in the under graduate programme is prepared by central board of studies duly approved by co-ordination committee headed by honorable Governor. The combination of different subjects in the graduation level is offered by the students in a way that apart from the knowledge gathering, they must develop critical thinking about the subject and also able to check the assumption and ideas from different prospect.

PO2-Effective communication – Apart from the science subjects, two language papers are also included in the graduation programme, must be aiming toward development of communication skills. Hence at the time of graduation students will be able to connect people, ideas, books media and technology.

PO3- Social interaction – In graduation programme of science subjects apart from the practical practices most of the subjects carry field excursion and field studies for better exposure and participation in discussion with industrialist, entrepreneurs, social activist etc., help them to reach conclusion in setting.

PO4-Effective Citizenship – During the regular three-year degree programme, a student's actively participate in NCC, NSS, Red cross society activities. This participation will help them in developing effective citizenship, awareness of issues and concern about the national development.

PO5-Ethics – College administration during the implementation of syllabus sees that the subjects of science field given to the students in theories and practical's, in such a way that they develop value system among the students and better approach regarding the moral dimensions.

PO6- Environment and Sustainability – As per the Supreme Court guideline the graduation syllabus of this institute contains the studies related to environmental issues in which the students are given projects pertaining to the social concern. Apart from this, different subjects like Botany, Geology, Chemistry, Zoology are including localized environmental issues for studies. It will help students to understand the issues of environmental contexts and sustainable development.

PO7- Self-directed and lifelong learning- with the changing time and as per need of an hour the syllabus is constructed and implemented in such a way that students even after completing their graduation may acquire their ability to lifelong learning process. For this applied aspect of syllabus are taken into consideration.

